any of their real (immovable) or personal (movable) property.

- 10. Tax liens may be filed in any parish wherein the department has reason to believe the taxpayer owns immovable property.
- 11. A continuing guaranty agreement may be required on installment agreements requested by a corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or limited partnership.

### C. Offset of Tax Refunds and Other Payments

- 1. All state tax refunds issued to the taxpayer shall be applied to the tax debt until the balance is paid in full.
- 2. Monies received as an offset of the taxpayer's federal income tax refund shall be credited to the tax debt for the amount of the offset, less a deduction for the offset fee imposed by the Internal Revenue Service, until the balance is paid in full.
- 3. Other payments that the taxpayer may be entitled to receive shall be offset in accordance with applicable law.
- 4. Amounts of state or federal tax refunds offsets or other payments applied to the tax debt shall not reduce the amount of any installment payment due or extend the time for paying an installment payment.

#### D. Forms of Installment Agreements

- 1. Informal installment agreements shall be allowed only if the amount owed is less than \$25,000 and the payment period is 36 months or less.
- 2. Formal installment agreements shall be required if the amount owed is \$25,000 or more or the payment period exceeds 36 months. Information relative to the taxpayer's employment, bank account, credit, income statement, balance sheets, cash-flow data, and any other information shall be provided to the department upon request.
- 3. All installment agreements shall be made on forms and in the manner prescribed by the secretary.

#### E. Default; Reinstatement of Installment Agreement

- 1. If any installment payment is not paid on or before the dated fixed for its payment, the total outstanding balance shall be due and payable immediately upon notice and demand from secretary. All collection actions shall be reactivated.
- 2. Upon request of the taxpayer and the approval of the secretary, the installment agreement may be reinstated, provided the taxpayer pays the mandatory reinstatement fee in the amount of \$60, payable to the Department of Revenue. The reinstatement fee cannot be paid in installments nor waived or applied against any tax debt.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 105 and R.S. 47:1576.2.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Revenue, Policy Services Division, LR 42:281 (February 2016), amended LR 47:893 (July 2021).

### Chapter 51. Tobacco Tax

# §5101. Reporting of Certain Imported Cigarettes; Penalty

- A. Every registered wholesale tobacco dealer receiving cigarettes or roll-your-own tobacco made by a tobacco product manufacturer who is not participating in the Master Settlement Agreement, whether the product is purchased directly from the manufacturer or through a distributor, retailer or similar intermediary or intermediaries, must furnish the following information:
  - 1. invoice number;
  - 2. manufacturer's name and complete address;
- 3. quantity of product obtained, i.e., number of cigarettes or ounces of roll-your-own tobacco as defined at R.S. 13:5062(4);
  - 4. product brand name;
- 5. whether the product was shipped directly from the manufacturer;
- 6. name and address of the seller if other than the manufacturer; and
- 7. any other information that may be requested by the secretary.
- B. The information required by Subsection A is to be provided on a form prescribed by the secretary and must be submitted with and at the same time as the monthly tobacco report. If, during the reporting period, there were no purchases of a product made by a manufacturer who is not participating in the Master Settlement Agreement, such is to be indicated on the prescribed form and the form attached to the monthly tobacco report.
- C. Any registered wholesale tobacco dealer who fails to comply with the reporting requirement or provides false or misleading information in response to Subsection A may be subject to the revocation or suspension of any permit issued under R.S. 47:844, in accordance with R.S. 47:844 (A)(4).
- D. When it is determined that a registered wholesale tobacco dealer is not in compliance with this rule, the secretary shall give that wholesale dealer written notice by registered mail of the noncompliance and request compliance within 15 days. Upon a second instance of noncompliance with this rule, the secretary shall, by registered mail, inform the wholesale dealer of the noncompliance and request the wholesale dealer to, within 10 days, show cause why the wholesale dealer's permit shall not be suspended. Upon a third instance of noncompliance with this rule, the secretary shall, by registered mail, inform the wholesale dealer of the noncompliance and request the wholesale dealer to show cause, on a date and time set by the secretary, as to why the wholesale dealer's permit shall not be suspended. If the wholesale dealer does not comply with the terms of this rule after the hearing, the secretary shall suspend the wholesale dealer's permit for a period of at least 30 days, or until such time as the dealer has become

compliant. Failure to properly respond to written notification of noncompliance shall constitute a subsequent instance of noncompliance.

E. The information furnished under Subsection A may be disclosed as provided in R.S. 47:1508(B)(11).

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 13:5062 and R.S. 47:1511.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Revenue, Office of Legal Affairs, Policy Services Division, LR 28:866 (April 2002).

#### §5103. Manufacturer's Net Invoiced Price

#### A. Definitions

Cash Discounts—reduction to the total invoiced amount based upon a payment method or timing of payment such as payment by electronic funds transfer, automatic withdrawal or full payment within a specified period.

Promotional Incentives—product provided to the Louisiana dealer and listed on the invoice at no cost.

Trade Discounts—reduction in list price or unit price given by a manufacturer or other supplier. These discounts are listed in the product line item as either a percentage or specified amount and are reflected in the extended price of the product on the invoice.

- B. The tobacco tax is imposed on the invoice price of cigars, smoking tobacco, smokeless tobacco, and other tobacco products. R.S. 47:842(6) defines invoice price as the manufacturer's net invoiced price as invoiced to the Louisiana tobacco dealer.
- C. Manufacturer's net invoiced price is the product line item price charged to the dealer by the manufacturer, supplier, jobber or other person who sells the tobacco product to the dealer inclusive of any trade discount reflected in the line item price.
- D. Federal excise and other taxes, shipping charges, and freight charges separately stated on an invoice are not considered part of the price of the taxable product and are excluded from the determination of manufacturer's net invoiced price.
- E. Cash discounts shall not be considered when determining the manufacturer's net invoiced price.
- F. R.S. 47:854(B) requires that any tobacco products given away at no cost must be taxed in the same manner as products sold, used, consumed, handled or distributed in this state. The tobacco tax due on promotional incentives listed on an invoice at no cost shall be determined as follows.
- 1. If the invoice reflects a purchase of the same product, then the tobacco excise tax should be calculated on the invoiced price charged on the invoice for the same product.
- 2. If the invoice does not show the purchase of the same product, then the tax is calculated on the manufacturer's list price for that product.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 47:841(D) and 1511.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Louisiana Department of Revenue, Policy Services Division, LR 48:2765 (November 2022).

## §5105. Articles and Products Made of Tobacco and Tobacco Substitutes

- A. The definition of *smokeless tobacco* provided in R.S. 47:842(15) includes articles and products made of tobacco and tobacco substitutes.
- B. Any product made with nicotine which is extracted from tobacco is considered an article or product made of tobacco. It is not necessary that tobacco leaves be present in the article or product. These products are smokeless tobacco for purposes of Louisiana tobacco tax.
- C. As used in R.S. 47:842(15), for purposes of the tax due on smokeless tobacco, tobacco substitute includes any non-combustible product intended to be used or consumed as an alternative to tobacco. Examples of tobacco substitutes include, but are not limited to products made with nicotine extracted from tobacco or any other source, products made with synthetic nicotine, and products which simulate traditional smokeless tobacco regardless of the presence of nicotine. These products are smokeless tobacco for purposes of Louisiana tobacco tax.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 47:841(D) and 1511.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Louisiana Department of Revenue, Policy Services Division, LR 49:334 (February 2023).

## Chapter 53. Miscellaneous Fees

#### §5301. Oilfield Site Restoration Fee

- A. The Department of Revenue is responsible for collection of the oilfield site restoration fee imposed on the production of gas, oil, and condensate.
- 1. The fee shall be assessed on the same production that is taxed by the state's severance tax laws.
- 2. An annual fee, administered and collected by the Office of Conservation, is also imposed on nonproducing wells located within the state, except for temporarily abandoned or saltwater disposal wells in stripper fields.
- B. Definitions. For the purposes of this Section, the following terms are defined.

Condensate—liquid hydrocarbons recovered by initial separation from a well classified as a gas well by the Office of Conservation or recovered from gas streams at drip points, plant inlet scrubbers, compressors, dehydrators, and metering stations.

Gas—gaseous phase hydrocarbons recovered by separation from either an oil well or gas well.

Oil—liquid hydrocarbons recovered by ordinary production methods from a well classified as an oil well by the Office of Conservation.