processing of any transaction on behalf of the department. The public tag agent shall comply with all applicable federal and state laws regarding the disclosure of information, including but not limited to 18 U.S.C. §2721 et seq., and 42 U.S.C. §405(c)(2)(C).

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 47:532.1.

HISTORICAL NOTE; Promulgated by the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, Office of Motor Vehicles, LR 27:1927 (November 2001), repromulgated LR 49:332 (February 2023).

## §1625. Driver's License Issuance (Formerly §1575)

- A. A public tag agent may contract with the department to administer the necessary tests and issue or renew identification cards, handicap hang tag identification cards, and driver's licenses. The written knowledge test and the driving or skills test shall be administered in accordance with the provisions of LAC 55:III.Chapter 1.Subchapter C.
- B. The public tag agent's third party examiner shall utilize only department approved visual screening equipment. In lieu thereof, each examiner may opt to utilize the standard Snellen wall-chart for visual acuity. The visual acuity testing shall be administered in a manner approved by the department.
- C. A public tag agent shall develop controls to secure the materials and equipment necessary to issue driver's licenses. Such controls shall be submitted in writing to the department. A public tag agent shall not issue any driver's licenses until the controls required by this Section have been approved by the department in writing. Once approved, the controls shall be implemented as written. Any changes to the control approved by the department shall be approved in writing prior to implementation.
- D. The department shall designate the types of driver's license and identification card transactions a public tag agent may perform, such as renewals and duplicates. Such designation shall be at the sole discretion of the department. Identification cards include the photographic identification issued with a handicap hangtag.
- E. Qualifications for Issuance of Driver's Licenses and Identification Cards. In addition to the qualification requirements contained in statute and this Chapter, a public tag agent shall meet these additional requirements in order to be approved to perform driver's license and identification card transaction designated by the department.
- 1. Insurance. The insurance policy shall provide coverage and a defense for the state of Louisiana and the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, as well as the employees of the state and the department.
- a. A policy for professional liability/errors and omissions with minimum coverage of \$1,000,000.
- b. A policy for general liability with minimum coverage of \$1,000,000.
- 2. A security system installed by a company licensed and approved by the Office of State Fire Marshal. This system shall be monitored 24 hours a day by a monitoring company.
- 3. A video surveillance system which at a minimum monitors all entrances, the driver's license camera station, and the secure supply room. Such system shall be installed by a company licensed and approved by the Office of State

Fire Marshal. The video images shall be retained by the system for a minimum of 30 days with the ability to save the video indefinitely if so requested by the department.

### F. Camera Station

- 1. The public stag agent shall purchase the camera station from the current vendor providing the credential issuance solution for the department. The public stag agent shall receive prior approval from the department before purchasing the camera station.
- 2. A public tag agent may only dispose of a camera station in a manner approved by the department.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 47:532.1.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, Office of Motor Vehicles, LR 27:1927 (November 2001), amended LR 40:370 (February 2014), repromulgated LR 49:333 (February 2023).

# §1627. Other Transactions (Formerly §1577)

A. The department may contract with public tag agents to perform other transactions authorized in R.S. 47:532.1. In such case, the public tag agent shall use the equipment and procedures required by the department to process these transactions. The public tag agent shall use an approved written control plan to secure any materials or equipment as directed by the department.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 47:532.1.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Department of Public Safety and Corrections, Office of Motor Vehicles, LR 27:1928 (November 2001), repromulgated LR 49:333 (February 2023).

Karen H. St. Germain Commissioner

2302#032

### RULE

### Department of Revenue Policy Services Division

Articles and Products Made of Tobacco and Tobacco Substitutes (LAC 61.I.5105)

Under the authority of R.S. 47:841(D) and 1511, and in accordance with the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et seq., the Department of Revenue, Policy Services Division, adopts LAC 61.I.5105 relative to products made with nicotine extract or synthetic nicotine and tobacco substitutes.

The purpose of this regulation is to provide guidance regarding the taxability of products made with nicotine extract or synthetic nicotine and tobacco substitutes. The regulation provides guidance by clarifying the phrases, "articles and products made of tobacco" and "tobacco substitute" used in the definition of smokeless tobacco provided in Louisiana Revised Statute 47:842(15). The regulation reflects current policy of the Department of Revenue. This Rule is hereby adopted on the day of promulgation.

### Title 61 REVENUE AND TAXATION

# Part I. Taxes Collected and Administered by the Secretary of Revenue

Chapter 51. Tobacco Tax

## §5105. Articles and Products Made of Tobacco and Tobacco Substitutes

- A. The definition of *smokeless tobacco* provided in R.S. 47:842(15) includes articles and products made of tobacco and tobacco substitutes.
- B. Any product made with nicotine which is extracted from tobacco is considered an article or product made of tobacco. It is not necessary that tobacco leaves be present in the article or product. These products are smokeless tobacco for purposes of Louisiana tobacco tax.
- C. As used in R.S. 47:842(15), for purposes of the tax due on smokeless tobacco, tobacco substitute includes any non-combustible product intended to be used or consumed as an alternative to tobacco. Examples of tobacco substitutes include, but are not limited to products made with nicotine extracted from tobacco or any other source, products made with synthetic nicotine, and products which simulate traditional smokeless tobacco regardless of the presence of nicotine. These products are smokeless tobacco for purposes of Louisiana tobacco tax.

AUTHORITY NOTE: Promulgated in accordance with R.S. 47:841(D) and 1511.

HISTORICAL NOTE: Promulgated by the Louisiana Department of Revenue, Policy Services Division, LR 49:334 (February 2023).

Kevin J. Richard, CPA Secretary of Revenue

2302#038

#### **RULE**

### **Department of Revenue Policy Services Division**

Mobile Workforce Exemption (LAC 61:I.1923)

Under the authority of R.S. 47:112.2, R.S. 47:242(1)(g)(ii) and (2)(b), R.S. 47:248, and R.S. 47:1511, and in accordance with the provisions of the Administrative Procedure Act, R.S. 49:950 et. seq., the Department of Revenue, Policy Services Division, adopts LAC 61:I.1923 relative to the Mobile Workforce Exemption.

Revised Statute 47:112.2 authorizes an individual income tax exemption for certain nonresident employees who perform their employment duties in Louisiana for 25 days or less. In turn, the statute relieves employers of such nonresident employees of the requirement to withhold Louisiana individual income tax on the nonresident employee's wages. If the nonresident employee performs employment related duties in Louisiana for a period in excess of 25 days in a calendar year, the employer is required to withhold and remit tax to Louisiana for the entire year, including the first 25 days. Wages paid to a nonresident individuals that are exempt pursuant to the mobile workforce provisions of Revised Statute 47:248 will not be considered an item of gross income. The purpose of this regulation is to

implement Act 383 of the 2021 Regular Session of the Louisiana Legislature relative to the Mobile Workforce Exemption. This Rule is hereby adopted on the day of promulgation.

#### Title 61

### REVENUE AND TAXATION

Part I. Taxes Collected and Administered by the Secretary of Revenue

### Chapter 19. Miscellaneous Tax Exemptions, Credits and Deductions

### §1923. Mobile Workforce Exemption

A. General Description

- 1. The Mobile Workforce Exemption allows certain nonresident mobile workers to exclude wages from Louisiana tax table income. The exemption further relieves employers of such nonresident employees of the requirement to withhold Louisiana individual income tax on the nonresident employee's wages.
- 2. To be eligible for the exemption, all of the following requirements must be met:
- a. The compensation is paid for employment duties performed by the nonresident individual in this state for 25 or fewer days in the calendar year.
- b. The nonresident individual performed employment duties in more than one state during the calendar year.
- c. The wages are not paid for employment duties performed by the nonresident individual in the individual's capacity as a professional athlete, staff member of a professional athletic team, professional entertainer, public figure, or qualified production employee.
- d. The nonresident individual's income is exempt from taxation by this state under the United States Constitution or federal statute or the nonresident individual's state of residence either provides a substantially similar exemption or does not impose an individual income tax.
- e. The nonresident individual did not have any other income derived from sources within the state during the taxable year.
- B. Definitions. For purposes of this Section, the following terms shall have the meaning ascribed therein.

Day—an employee is considered present and performing employment duties within Louisiana for a day if the employee performs more of his or her duties within Louisiana than any other taxing jurisdiction for that day. Where an employee is present and performing more employment duties in Louisiana than another taxing jurisdiction on the same day, the employee will be considered to have performed the preponderance of his or her duties for that day in Louisiana. The portion of a day that an employee spends in Louisiana while in transit is not considered in determining whether he or she performed employment duties.

Department—the Louisiana Department of Revenue.

*Employee*—as defined in R.S. 47:111(A), with the exception of a professional athlete, staff member of a professional athletic team, professional entertainer, public figure, or qualified production employee.

Employer—as defined in R.S. 47:111(B).

Time and attendance system—a system through which an employee is required, on a contemporaneous basis, to record the employee's work location for every day worked